Benefit Payroll Process Audit City of Milwaukee Employes' Retirement System



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Table of Contents

Background	.3
Internal Controls Assessment Objectives and Scope	.4
Procedures Performed	.5
Audit and Assessment Results – Executive Summary	.6
Observations, Recommendations, and Management Responses	.9
Closing	10
Appendix	ί1



Background

At the request and direction of the Administration and Operations (A&O) Committee, an audit of the Benefit Payroll Process and controls for the City of Milwaukee Employes' Retirement System (CMERS) was performed during the period from September 16, 2024 through October 31, 2024. The audit was requested to review, evaluate, and test the organization's Benefit Payroll process against leading practices, test controls and determine whether control deficiencies existed within the internal control environment or whether there were identified control design or operating deficiencies. This audit cannot be relied upon to disclose errors, fraud, or noncompliance with laws and regulations.

We have concluded our consulting engagement to perform the procedures described in the attached report. These procedures, which were agreed to by CMERS, were applied solely to assist in evaluating the internal controls of CMERS. Management of CMERS is responsible for their operations and internal controls. We performed this engagement in accordance with Statements on Standards for Consulting Services issued by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The execution and maintenance of adequate internal controls is solely the responsibility of the management of CMERS. Consequently, we make no representations regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described in the attached document either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen (CLA) was not engaged by CMERS to conduct a financial audit, for which the objective would be the expression of an opinion on the financial statements. Had we been hired to perform an audit of financial statement information in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards, other issues may have come to our attention that would have been reported to you. Therefore, we express no opinion on the effectiveness of CMERS's controls over all or any part of its financial statements.

Internal Controls Assessment Objectives and Scope

The objective of the Benefit Payroll Process Audit was to review, evaluate, and test processes and controls currently in place against leading practices and evaluate operating effectiveness. The focus of the assessment was to address the following risks:

- 1. Assess the suitability of the design for process and controls over Benefit Payroll Process, including the inherent risk of inaccurate payments.
- 2. Assess the governance and accountability over the Accounting and Financial Reporting process, as well as the inherent risks from misappropriation, fraud, and abuse.
- 3. Compare current state internal controls versus leading practices and test for operating effectiveness.
- 4. Propose future state changes that mitigate risk or enhance CMERS' internal control structure and outcomes.

The following processes and sub-processes are in-scope, as well as segregation of duties in each area:

The objective of the Benefit Payroll Process Audit was to review, evaluate, and test processes and controls currently in place against leading practices and evaluate operating effectiveness. The focus of the assessment was to address the following risks:

- 1. Benefit Payment Disbursement Process and Controls
 - a. Bank Authorization
 - b. Expected Changes Analysis
 - c. Benefit Participant Audit
 - d. Duplicate Payment Application Controls
 - e. Participant Death Notice Review
 - f. Benefit Payment Adjustments (COLA)
- 2. Benefit Payment Reconciliation and Approval Processes
 - a. Disbursement Reconciliations
 - i Positive Pay
 - ii ACH Balancing
 - iii Manual Checks
 - b. Benefit Payment Approval Process
- 3. Compliance Reporting
 - a. Participant Withholding Taxes
 - b. 1099 Reporting
- 4. System Access Restrictions
 - a. User System Access Review and Approval
 - b. Physical Access Controls
 - c. Segregation of Duties
 - d. Policies and Procedures
- 5. Organizational Resilience
 - a. Review and Update of Standard Practice Instructions (SPIs)
 - b. Cross Training Procedures

Procedures Performed

As part of the audit, various techniques were used to audit and assess the effectiveness of the internal controls, including:

- 1. Interviewed members of CMERS
 - a. Dan Gopalan, Chief Financial Officer
 - b. Terry Siddiqui, IT Consultant
- 2. Gathered supporting documents describing current state processes (e.g., policies, procedures, screenshots, flowcharts, reconciliations, analyses, etc.)
- 3. Gathered evidence and tested CMERS processes and controls for the following functions;
 - a. Benefit Payment Disbursement Process and Controls
 - b. Benefit Payment Reconciliation and Approval Process
 - c. Compliance Reporting
 - d. System Access Restrictions
 - e. Organizational Resilience
- Ranked current-state processes against five levels of maturity definition (1. Initial; 2. Repeatable; 3. Defined;
 Managed; and 5. Optimized)

We would like to acknowledge and thank management with whom we interacted. The time, effort, and discussions they provided were instrumental in our understanding and provided the necessary information to complete our project. During our assessment and audit, management and personnel provided all the materials requested and answered all of our questions promptly.

Audit and Assessment Results – Executive Summary

All the established processes and controls that were assessed during the audit were rated as Defined Maturity*: Management has established defined and documented formalized processes, procedures, and transaction flows that are regularly updated. This level of maturity is considered suitable for these control environments by management and internal audit.

		Control	Issues	Process Maturity
Processes Benefit Payment Disbursement	Control Description US Bank Signatories are regularly reviewed and updated. Annually the Signatories list is approved by CMERS A&O Committee.	Deficiency? No	Identified None	Level
Process and Controls	Every month, CMERS will prepare the Expected Changes Spreadsheet that details retiree activity, e.g., deaths, new retirees, recalculations, etc. The spreadsheet creates a comparison between the actual activity recorded in MERITS and the changes expected by management. All variances between expected and actual changes are investigated and explained every month. Once the spreadsheet has been prepared, it is reviewed and approved by management.	Νο	None	
	As part of management's monthly benefit payment process, Management will perform and independent audit through MERITS workflow to ensure that all changes to member records and payment files are accurate and valid. If during the audit a participant's records are identified with an issue, Management will investigate the issue and determine the corrective actions.	Νο	None	Defined
	Corrective actions to participant records can only be accomplished with two ERS employees, one to make the change and another employee to approve the change.			
	The MERITS system will not allow a Duplicate Payment to be made to a plan participant.	No	None	
	CMERS has established procedures to proactively identify deceased retirees and prevent erroneous retiree payments. Using Lexis-Accurint, a search tool, management will search for deceased retirees every month. In the event a retiree is identified as being deceased, the retiree's death notice is reviewed by management to determine if the benefit payment should be returned. If it is	Νο	None	

	determined that the benefit payment is to be refunded to CMERS, management approves the creation of the receivable, and it is recorded by CMERS in the Receivable Log. The Receivable Log is reviewed monthly by management. At the time the receivable is established, the deceased retiree's benefits are halted and a lock on the deceased retiree's benefit payments is created in MERITS to prevent future payments.			
	Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) table/schedules are used in MERITS to calculate increases in Participant Benefit Payments. COLA adjustments are reviewed every year and updated appropriately. Any change to the COLA table/schedule must be properly supported and approved by an individual who was independent and knowledgeable of the process.	Νο	None	
Benefit Payment Reconciliation and Approval Processes	Every month, ERS will reconcile the benefit payment records that were made using Positive Pay, ACH, and Manual Checks and Check Stock to the supporting disbursement records. The reconciliation is prepared by Pension Analyst and is approved by the Pension Accounting Manager. Once the reconciliation is complete, it is incorporated into the Monthly Funds Transfer Package.	Νο	None	Defined
	Once the Benefit Payment records have been reconciled, the reconciliation and the supporting documents are accumulated into the Monthly Funds Transfer Package and is submitted to the CFO and Executive for review and approval Director for review and approval. Once the Funds Transfer package is approved the monthly benefit payments are distributed to the benefit participants.	Νο	None	Defined
Compliance Reporting	Federal and State withholding taxes are calculated using withholding tables/schedules used within MERITS. These tables are updated annually and are reviewed by an individual independent and knowledgeable of the process. After the withholding taxes have been prepared, the calculations and supporting documentation are	Νο	None	Defined
	then reviewed and approved by management. Benefit Payment Participant 1099's are properly supported, reconciled, and reviewed by management before they are mailed to the IRS and the State of Wisconsin Department of Revenue. This	No	None	-

	work is done in a timely manner to ensure that 1099 mailing deadlines were met.			
System & Physical Access Controls	Employee access to CMERS systems is reviewed by management twice a year to ensure that ERS's employees and business partners have the appropriate system access, and that no "high-risk" Segregation of Duties conflicts exist.	No	None	
	Participant Files containing sensitive member information are secured in locked filing cabinets in the filing room at the end of each day. The filing room is also locked at the end of each day to further ensure the security of the files.	No	None	Defined
	In addition, internal organization policies and system controls are in place that guide and control employee access to member Personal Identifiable Information (PII) that are regularly reviewed and monitored by CMERS management.			
Organization Resilience	Standard Practice Instructions (SPIs) are regularly reviewed and updated by management to reflect current processes and controls.	No	None	
	Management regularly cross trains and evaluates department personnel as to their ability to competently perform duties outside of the employee's current role and responsibilities.	No	None	Defined
	PROCESS MATURITY DEFINITION	S		
*DEFINED MATURITY	amploved but are primarily reliant on manual activities; performance monitoring is			

Following the conclusion of our testing of CMERS Internal Control Environment, we identified No Internal Control Deficiencies.

Observations, Recommendations, and Management Responses

None.

Closing

We wish to extend our appreciation to management and staff for their timely cooperation and assistance during the project.

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This report has been prepared in accordance with Statement of Standards for Consulting Services issued by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and is solely for use by management. It is not intended for use, in whole or in part, by outside parties without the specific consent of CliftonLarsonAllen LLP.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

October 31, 2024



Appendix

Maturity Definitions

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Capability Level	Capability Description	Capabilities Attribute
5. Optimized	Policies and processes are continuously reviewed and improved within a highly automated control environment.	 Processes and controls are continuously reviewed and improved Preventive and detective controls are highly automated to reduce human error and cost of operation. Comprehensive, defined performance metrics exist, with extensive automated performance monitoring. Extensive use of best practices, benchmarking, and/or self-assessment to continuously improve process.
4. Managed	Policies and processes are documented, standardized, regularly updated and controls increasingly use automation.	 Procedures and controls are well documented and kept current. Preventive and detective controls are employed, with greater use of automation to reduce human error. Many metrics are used with a blend of automated and manual performance monitoring. Best practices and/or benchmarking are used to improve process
3. Defined	Policies and processes are established, are reviewed, and updated as needed (e.g., annually) to reflect changing business needs; preventive and detective controls are employed but are primarily reliant on manual activities; performance monitoring is performed using a mix of manual and automated processes.	 Procedures are well documented, but not kept current to reflect changing business needs. Preventive and detective controls are employed, still reliant on manual activities. Some metrics are used, but performance monitoring is still manual and/or infrequent. Generally occurs during periodic (e.g., annual) policy and procedure renewal.
2. Repeatable	Some standard processes are defined, and success depends largely on "tribal knowledge" and detective controls.	 Some standard procedures exist, relies on "tribal knowledge." Mostly detective are in place, minimal preventive controls, and highly manual. Few performance metrics exist, thus performance monitoring is inconsistent or informal. Most likely in reaction to audits or service disruptions.
1. Initial	Few processes are defined, and success depends on individual effort and heroics.	 No formal procedures exist. Controls are non-existent or primarily in reaction to a "surprise." There are no metrics or performance monitoring.