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Social Security: With You Through Life's Journey...



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Produced at U.S. taxpayer expense

We Wouldn't Miss Your Retirement Party



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How Do You Qualify for Retirement Benefits?

- By earning “credits” when you work and pay Social Security taxes
- You need 40 credits (10 years of work) and you must be 62 or older
- Each \$1,730 in earnings gives you one credit
- You can earn a maximum of 4 credits per year

Note: To earn 4 credits in 2024, you must earn at least \$6,920.

ssa.gov/planners/credits.html



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How Social Security Determines Your Benefit

Benefits are based on earnings

Step 1 - Your wages are adjusted for changes in wage levels over time

Step 2 - Find the monthly average of your 35 highest earnings years

Step 3 - Result is “average indexed monthly earnings”

ssa.gov/OACT/COLA/Benefits.html

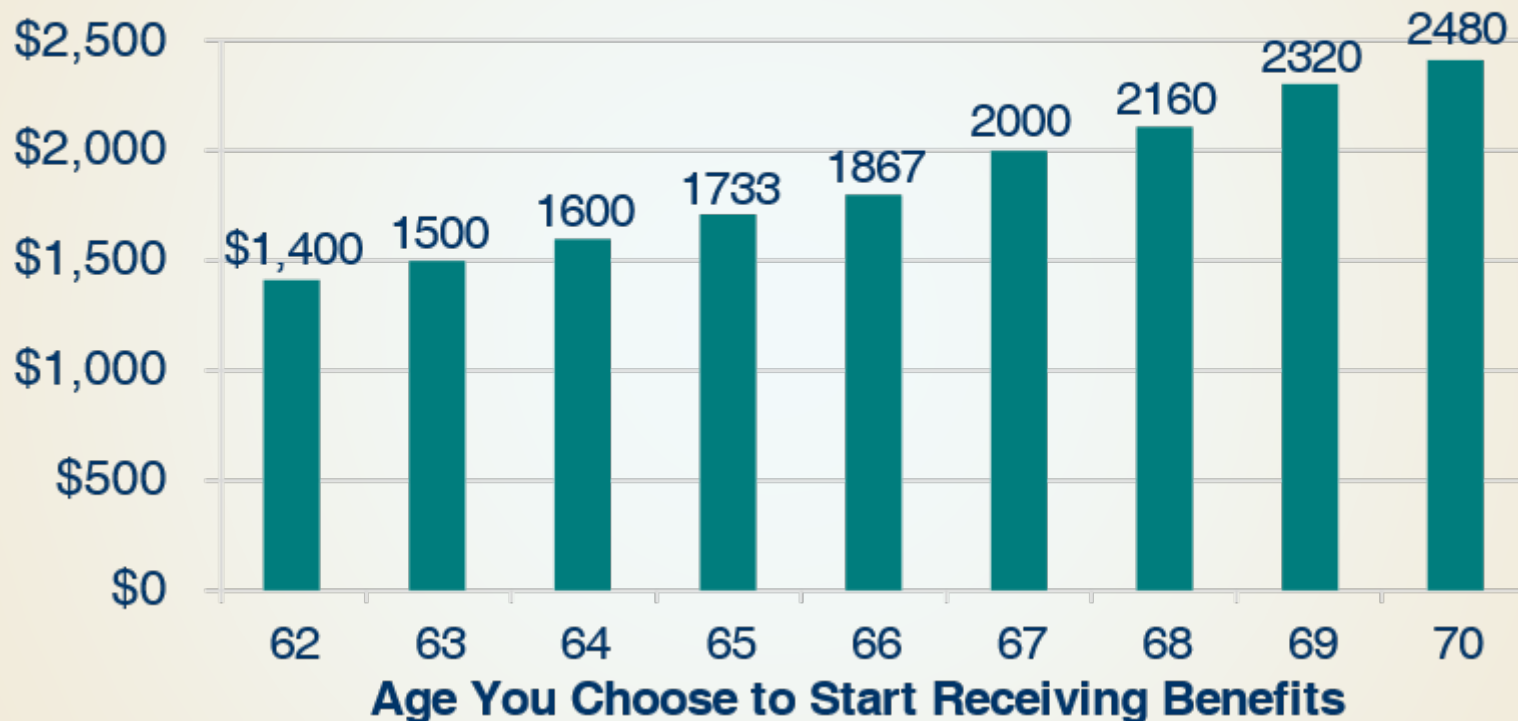


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What Is the Best Age to Start Receiving Social Security Retirement Benefits?

Monthly Benefit Amounts Differ Based on the Age You Decide to Start Receiving Benefits



Note: This example assumes a benefit of \$2,000 at a full retirement age of 67



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Benefits Chart by Age

Year of Birth	Full Retirement Age	A \$1000 retirement benefit taken at age 62 would be reduced by	A \$500 spouse benefit taken at age 62 would be reduced by
1943-1954	66	25%	30%
1955	66 and 2 months	25.83%	30.83%
1956	66 and 4 months	26.67%	31.67%
1957	66 and 6 months	27.5%	32.5%
1958	66 and 8 months	28.33%	33.33%
1959	66 and 10 months	29.17%	34.17%
1960 +	67	30%	35%

ssa.gov/oact/quickcalc/earlyretire.html



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Working While Receiving Benefits

If you are	You can make up to	If you earn more, some benefits will be withheld
Under Full Retirement Age	\$22,320/yr.	\$1 for every \$2
The Year Full Retirement Age is Reached	\$59,520/yr. before month of full retirement age	\$1 for every \$3
Month of Full Retirement Age and Above	No Limit	No Limit

Retirement Earnings Test Calculator:
ssa.gov/OACT/COLA/RTeffect.html



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We're There for Your Family



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Auxiliary Benefits for Children

A child must have:

- A parent entitled to benefits due to disability or retirement; or
- A parent who died after having worked long enough in a job where they paid Social Security taxes.

The child must also be:

- Unmarried;
- Younger than age 18;
- 18-19 years old and a full-time student (no higher than grade 12);
- 18 or older and have a disability that started before age 22.

ssa.gov/planners/retire/applying7.html



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Benefits for a Spouse

- Maximum benefit = 50% of worker's unreduced benefit
- Reduction for early retirement
- If spouse's own benefit is less than 50% of the worker's, they will be combined to equal to 50% of the worker's
- Does not reduce payment to the worker
- Benefit is unreduced if claiming spouse is caring for a child who is under age 16 or who has a disability
- Spouse benefits are not payable until worker collects

ssa.gov/planners/retire/yourspouse.html



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Benefits for Divorced Spouses

You may receive benefits on your former spouse's record (even if he or she has remarried) if:

- Marriage lasted at least 10 years
- You are unmarried
- You are age 62 or older
- Your ex-spouse is at least 62 and eligible for Social Security retirement or disability benefits, even if not collecting
- Benefit you would receive based on your own work is less than benefit you would receive based on ex-spouse's work

ssa.gov/benefits/retirement/planner/applying7.html#h4



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We're There If You Lose A Loved One



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Survivor Benefits

Child	May receive benefits if unmarried and younger than age 18, or between ages 18 and 19 and a full-time student (no higher than grade 12)
Disabled Child	May receive benefits after age 18 if unmarried and has a disability that started before age 22
Widow/er or Divorced Widow/er (Remarriage after age 60 will not affect benefits)	May receive full benefits at full retirement age or reduced benefits: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• as early as age 60• as early as 50 and has a disability• at any age if caring for a child of a deceased worker who is under age 16, has a disability, and receives child's benefits

ssa.gov/planners/survivors



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Survivor Benefits

When you pass away, your surviving spouse may:

- Claim survivor benefits at age 50 or older if they have a disability, otherwise any age between 60 and full retirement age;
- At age 60, receive 71.5% of your full benefit and increases each month they wait up to 100% if they start at full retirement age; or
- At full retirement age, receive 100% of your unreduced benefit.



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Spouse vs. Surviving Spouse Benefits

Spouse (living)	Surviving Spouse (deceased)
May start as early as age 62	May start as early as age 60 or as early as 50 if disabled
50% if you wait until FRA or later	71.5% at age 60, increases each month you wait
Less than 50% if you start before FRA (reduction for each month you take benefit early)	100% if you start at FRA or later

Certain conditions must be met.

ssa.gov/benefits/survivors/ifyou.html



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You can take survivor benefits as early as age 60, then switch to retirement on your own record as early as age 62 and as late as age 70 if that benefit rate is higher than your survivor benefit rate.

OR

You can take retirement benefits as early as age 62, then switch to survivor benefits at a later date if the benefit rate is higher. The maximum survivor benefit rate is payable somewhere between your 62nd birthday and full retirement age.



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Other Survivor Benefits

- Lump Sum Death Payment of \$255 is a one-time payment to surviving spouse or child(ren) who meet certain requirements.
- Parents' Benefits are for a parent age 62 or older who was receiving at least one-half support from their child.

ssa.gov/planners/survivors/ifyou.html



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Medicare

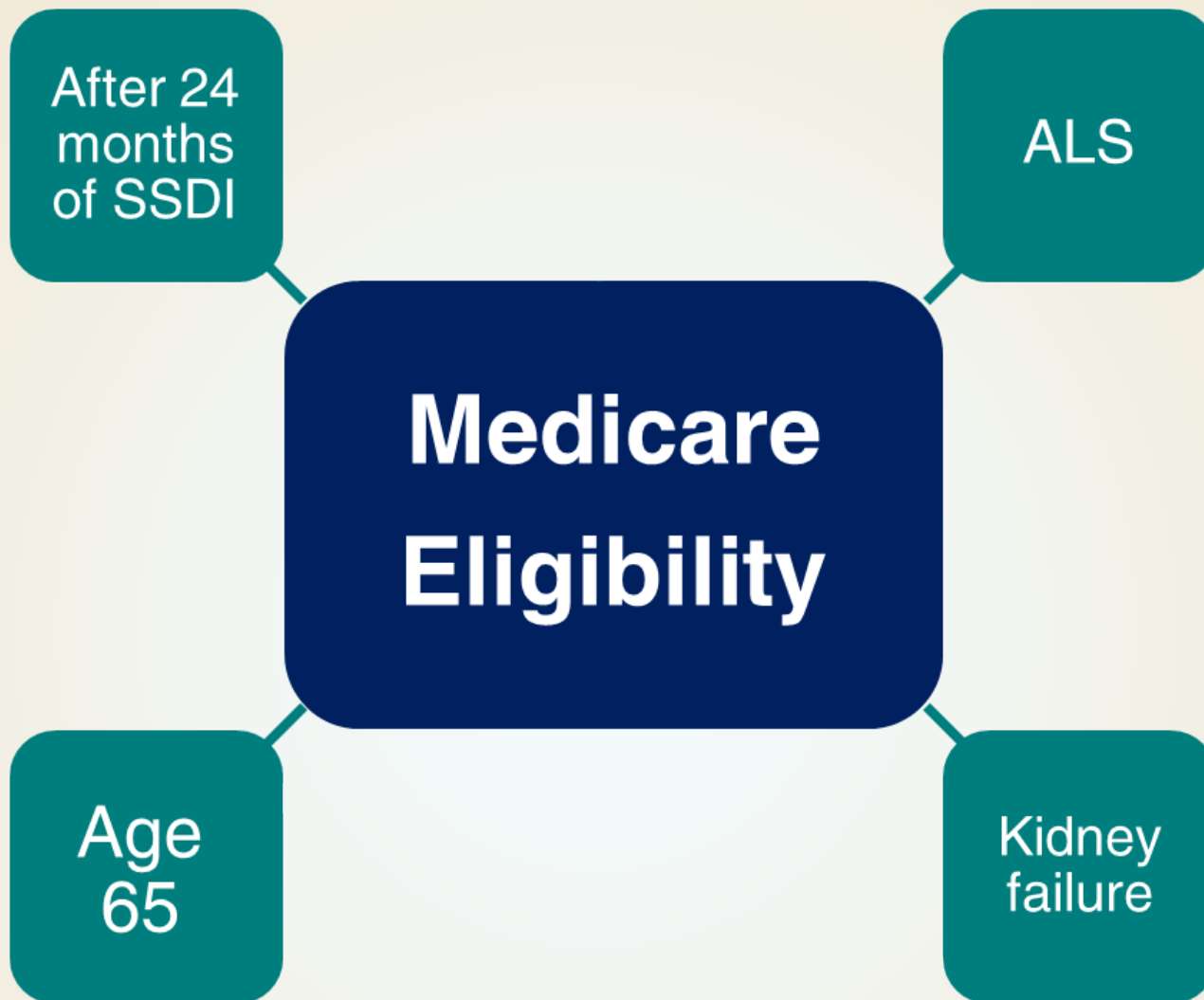
Original Medicare	Medicare Advantage (aka Part C)
Part A (Hospital Insurance) Part B (Medical Insurance)	Part A (Hospital Insurance) Part B (Medical Insurance)
You can add: Part D (Prescription Drug Plan)	Most plans include: Part D (Prescription Drug Plan) Extra Benefits (e.g. vision, hearing, dental, and more)
You can also add: Supplemental insurance coverage (Medigap)	Some plans also include: Lower out-of-pocket costs

[Medicare.gov](https://www.Medicare.gov)



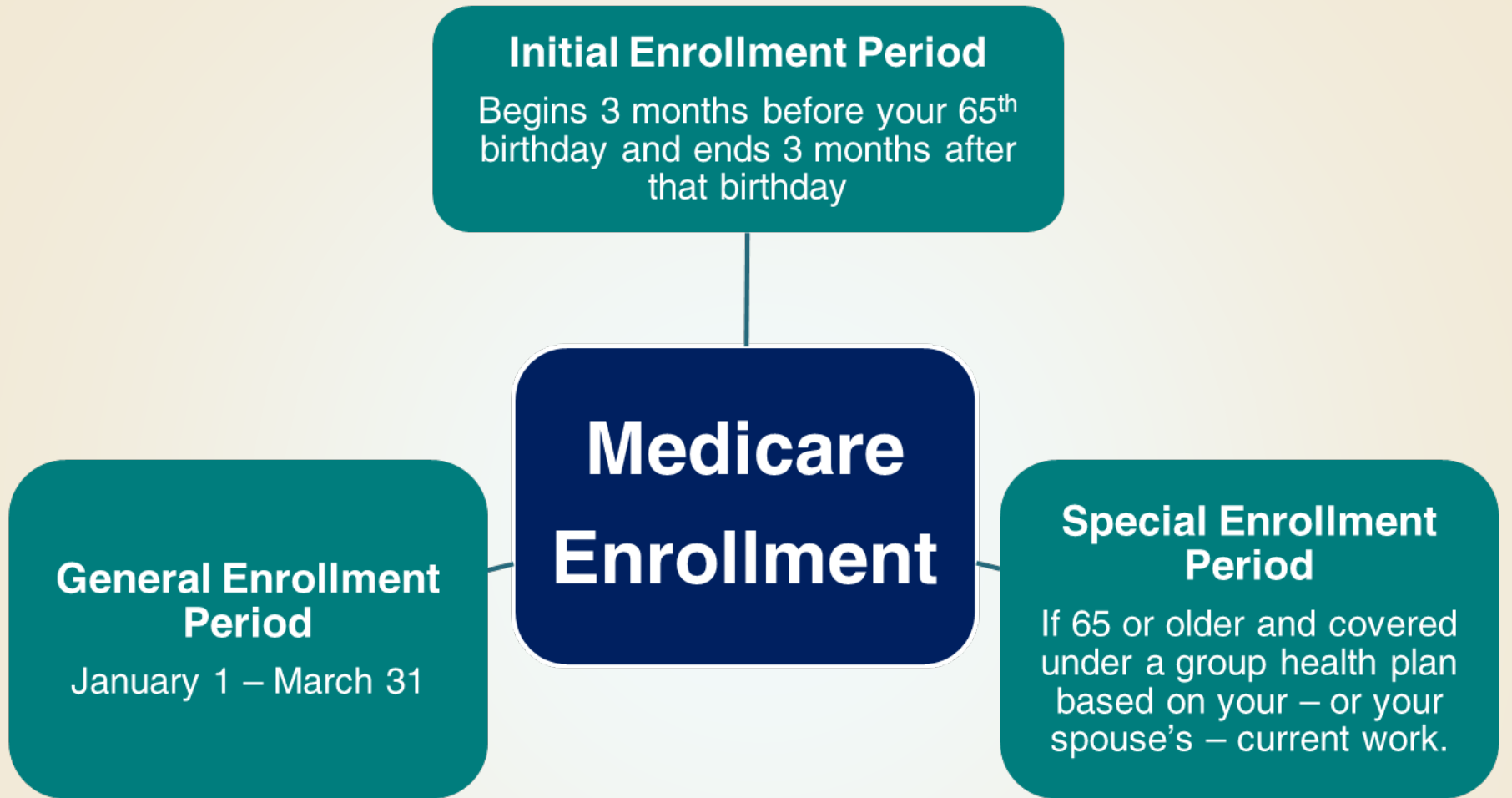
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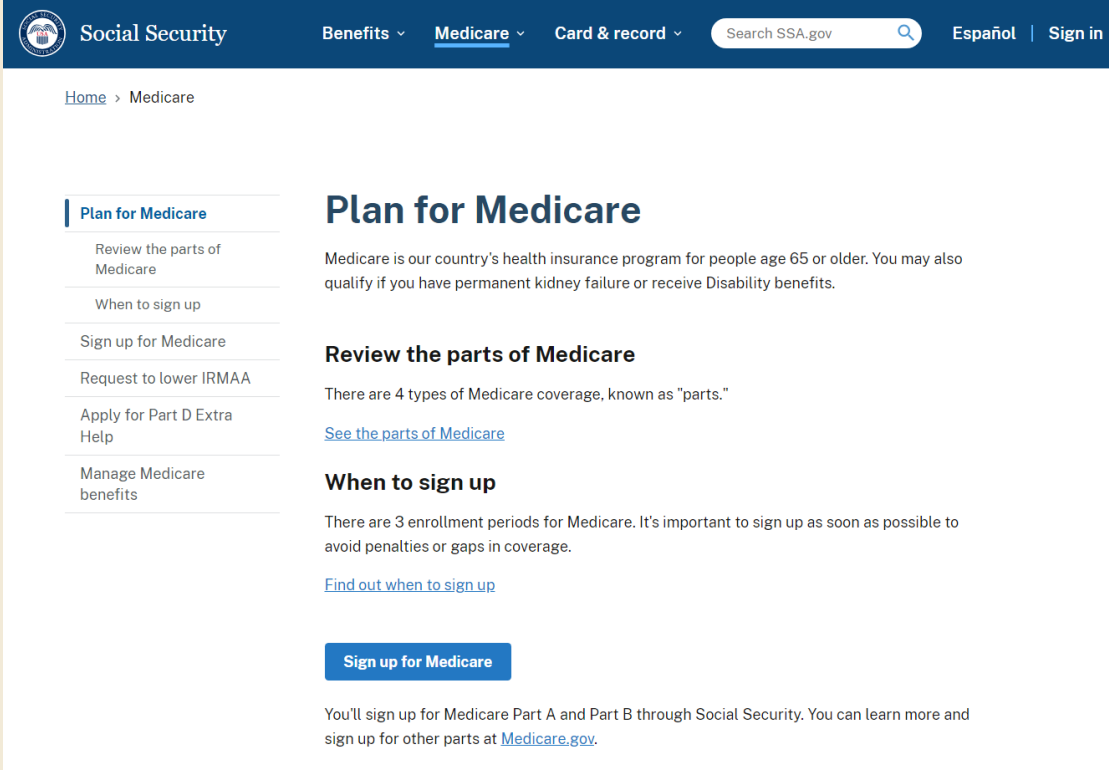


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Medicare Applications

If you already have Medicare Part A and wish to add Medicare Part B, complete the online application, or fax or mail completed forms CMS-40B and CMS-L564 to your local Social Security office.



The screenshot shows the top navigation bar of the Social Security Administration website. It includes the SSA logo, the text "Social Security", and links for "Benefits", "Medicare", and "Card & record". There is a search bar with "Search SSA.gov" and a magnifying glass icon, and links for "Español" and "Sign in". Below the navigation bar, the breadcrumb "Home > Medicare" is visible. On the left, a sidebar menu lists: "Plan for Medicare" (highlighted), "Review the parts of Medicare", "When to sign up", "Sign up for Medicare", "Request to lower IRMAA", "Apply for Part D Extra Help", and "Manage Medicare benefits". The main content area has the heading "Plan for Medicare" followed by a paragraph: "Medicare is our country's health insurance program for people age 65 or older. You may also qualify if you have permanent kidney failure or receive Disability benefits." Below this is the section "Review the parts of Medicare" with the text "There are 4 types of Medicare coverage, known as 'parts.'" and a link "See the parts of Medicare". The next section is "When to sign up" with the text "There are 3 enrollment periods for Medicare. It's important to sign up as soon as possible to avoid penalties or gaps in coverage." and a link "Find out when to sign up". A blue button labeled "Sign up for Medicare" is present. At the bottom, a paragraph states: "You'll sign up for Medicare Part A and Part B through Social Security. You can learn more and sign up for other parts at [Medicare.gov](\"#\")."

ssa.gov/Medicare



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Medicare Part B Coverage - SEP

If you enroll in the month of your Special Enrollment Period:	Your Part B Medicare coverage starts:
Any time while you or your spouse have a group health plan based on current employment, or during the first full month you are no longer covered or employed	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• On the first day of the month you enroll, or• By your choice, on the first day of any of the following 3 months
During any of the remaining 7 months of the SEP	The first day of the month after you sign up.



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[SSA.gov](https://www.ssa.gov)

Medicare.gov

An official website of the United States government [Here's how you know](#) [Cambiar a Español](#)

Medicare.gov Basics Health & Drug Plans Providers & Services Chat Log in

Alert Learn how the prescription drug law impacts Medicare.

Search

Welcome to Medicare

[Get Started with Medicare](#)

Log in or create an account
Access your information anytime, anywhere
[Log in/Create Account](#)

Find health & drug plans
Find & compare plans in your area
[Find Plans Now](#)

Find care providers
Compare hospitals, nursing homes, & more
[Find Providers Near Me](#)

Talk to someone
Contact Medicare & other helpful resources
[Get Help](#)

Feedback

1-800-MEDICARE or Medicare.gov



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Medicare Standard Part B Premiums for 2024

If you're single and file an individual tax return, or married and file a joint tax return:

Modified Adjusted Gross Income (MAGI)	Part B monthly premium amount	Prescription drug plan monthly premium amount
Individuals with a MAGI of \$103,000 or less Married couples with a MAGI of \$206,000 or less	2024 standard premium = \$174.70	Your plan premium + \$0
Individuals with a MAGI above \$103,000 up to \$129,000 Married couples with a MAGI above \$206,000 up to \$258,000	Standard premium + \$69.90	Your plan premium + \$12.90
Individuals with a MAGI above \$129,000 up to \$161,000 Married couples with a MAGI above \$258,000 up to \$322,000	Standard premium + \$174.70	Your plan premium + \$33.30
Individuals with a MAGI above \$161,000 up to \$193,000 Married couples with a MAGI above \$322,000 up to \$386,000	Standard premium + \$279.50	Your plan premium + \$53.80
Individuals with a MAGI above \$193,000 up to \$500,000 Married couples with a MAGI above \$386,000 up to \$750,000	Standard premium + \$384.30	Your plan premium + \$74.20
Individuals with a MAGI equal to or greater than \$500,000 Married couples with a MAGI equal to or greater than \$750,000	Standard premium + \$419.30	Your plan premium + \$81.00



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How to Apply for Benefits



File online for Retirement, Spouse, Disability, or Medicare Only

- If you are disabled, you can file for Retirement and Disability with same application if you are at least 62 but not yet FRA.
- Survivor* application is not available online.



Schedule phone appointment at 1-800-772-1213, 8 a.m. – 7 p.m. Monday through Friday.



Schedule in-office appointment at 1-800-772-1213.

****Child and survivor claims can only be done by phone or in the office.***



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[What should I do if I get a call claiming there's a problem with my Social Security number or account?](#)



Social Security

Benefits ▾

Medicare ▾

Card & record ▾

Search SSA.gov



Español

Sign in

Securing your **today** and **tomorrow**



Prepare

Check eligibility for benefits

Plan for retirement



Apply

Apply for benefits

Sign up for Medicare

After you apply

Check application or appeal status

Appeal application decision

Feedback

Manage benefits & information



Documents

Get benefit verification letter

Get tax form (1099/1042s)



Number & card

Replace card

Request number for the first time

Report stolen number



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my Social Security



Social Security

Benefits ▾

Medicare ▾

Card & record ▾

Search SSA.gov



Español

| Account

Create your personal my Social Security account today

A free and secure my Social Security account provides personalized tools for everyone, whether you receive benefits or not. You can use your account to request a replacement Social Security card, check the status of an application, estimate future benefits, or manage the benefits you already receive.

Create an Account

Sign In

[Finish Setting Up Your Account](#)



ssa.gov/myaccount



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How to Open/Sign In to a *my* Social Security Account

1. Visit www.ssa.gov/myaccount
2. Select: “Sign In or Create an Account”
3. If you already have an account, select Sign In and enter:
 - Existing my Social Security username and password
 - Existing Login.gov or ID.me credentials
4. To create a new account, select Create an Account on this and the next screen. You will be directed to Login.gov for next steps.
5. After creating your Login.gov account, you will be directed back to our website where you will provide personal information so we can verify your identity.
6. Complete the registration process using the activation code we send you.



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my Social Security

You can visit your local Social Security office to get help with starting the registration process.

You will need to bring in proof of identity in one of the following forms (must be current):

- State driver's license or identity card;
- U.S. passport or passport card;
- U.S. military identification; or
- U.S. government employee identification card.



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my Social Security Services

If you do not receive benefits, you can:

- View retirement benefit estimates at different ages or dates when you want to start receiving benefits;
- View possible spouse's benefits;
- Request a replacement Social Security card if you meet certain requirements;
- Check the status of your application or appeal;
- Get a benefit verification letter as proof that you are not getting benefits;
- Get your *Social Security Statement* to review:
 - Estimates of your future retirement, disability, and survivor benefits;
 - Your earnings, to verify the amounts that we posted are correct; and
 - The estimated Social Security and Medicare taxes you've paid.

ssa.gov/myaccount/what.html



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my Social Security Services

If you receive benefits or have Medicare, you can:

- Opt out of mailed notices for those available online;
- Request a replacement Social Security card if you meet certain requirements;
- Report your wages if you work and receive Disability Insurance (SSDI) and/or Supplemental Security Income (SSI) benefits;
- Get a benefit verification letter as proof that you are getting benefits;
- Check your benefit and payment information and your earnings record;
- Change your address and phone number (Social Security beneficiaries only);
- Start or change direct deposit of your benefit payment (Social Security beneficiaries only);
- Submit your advance designation of representative payee request;
- Request a replacement Medicare card; and
- Get a replacement SSA-1099 or SSA-1042S for tax season.

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Your Social Security Statement

WANDA WORKER

October 2, 2021

Retirement Benefits

You have earned enough credits to qualify for retirement benefits. To qualify for benefits, you earn "credits" through your work — up to four each year. Your full retirement age is **67**, based on your date of birth: April 10, 1960. As shown in the chart, you can start your benefits at any time between ages 62 and 70. **For each month you wait to start your benefits, your monthly benefit will be higher—for the rest of your life.**

These personalized estimates are based on your earnings to date and assume you continue to earn \$51,995 per year until you start your benefits. To learn more about retirement benefits, visit ssa.gov/benefits/retirement/learn.html.

Disability Benefits

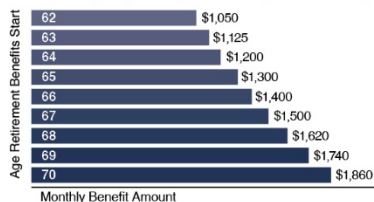
You have earned enough credits to qualify for disability benefits. If you became disabled right now, your monthly payment would be about **\$1,656 a month**.

Survivors Benefits

You have earned enough credits for your eligible family members to receive survivors benefits. If you die this year, members of your family who may qualify for monthly benefits include:

Minor child:	\$2,129
Spouse, if caring for a disabled child or child younger than age 16:	\$2,129
Spouse, if benefits start at full retirement age:	\$2,838
Total family benefits cannot be more than:	\$4,968
Your spouse or minor child may be eligible for an additional one-time death benefit of \$255.	

Personalized Monthly Retirement Benefit Estimates (Depending on the Age You Start)



Medicare

You have enough credits to qualify for Medicare at age 65. Medicare is the federal health insurance program for:

- people age 65 and older,
- under 65 with certain disabilities, and
- people of any age with End-Stage Renal Disease (ESRD) (permanent kidney failure requiring dialysis or a kidney transplant).

Even if you do not retire at age 65, you may need to sign up for Medicare within 3 months of your 65th birthday to **avoid a lifetime late enrollment penalty**. Special rules may apply if you are covered by certain group health plans through work.

For more information about Medicare, visit medicare.gov or ssa.gov/medicare or call **1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227)** (TTY 1-877-486-2048).

Earnings Record

Review your earnings history below to ensure it is accurate. This is important because we base your future benefits on our record of your earnings. There's a limit to the amount of earnings you pay Social Security taxes on each year. Earnings above the limit do not appear on your earnings record. We have combined your earlier years of earnings, but you can view them online with [my Social Security](https://my.ssa.gov). If you find an error view your full earnings record online and call **1-800-772-1213**.

Work Year	Earnings Taxed for Social Security	Earnings Taxed for Medicare (began 1966)
1971-1980	\$ 20,000	\$ 20,000
1981-1990	41,250	41,250
1991-2000	257,712	257,712
2001	34,915	34,915
2002	35,591	35,591
2003	36,717	36,717
2004	38,686	38,686
2005	40,325	40,325
2006	42,315	42,315
2007	44,346	44,346
2008	45,437	45,437
2009	44,784	44,784
2010	45,847	45,847
2011	47,146	47,146
2012	48,349	48,349
2013	48,606	48,606
2014	49,860	49,860
2015	50,850	50,850
2016	50,158	50,158
2017	50,440	50,440
2018	50,653	50,653
2019	50,957	50,957
2020	51,995	51,995
2021	Not yet recorded	

Taxes Paid

Total estimated Social Security and Medicare taxes paid over your working career based on your Earnings Record:

Social Security taxes	Medicare taxes
You paid: \$34,288	You paid: \$19,396
Employer(s): \$36,003	Employer(s): \$19,396

Earnings Not Covered by Social Security

You may also have earnings from work not covered by Social Security. This work may have been for federal, state, or local government or in a foreign country.

If you participate in a retirement plan or receive a pension based on work for which you did not pay Social Security tax, it could lower your benefits. To find out more, visit ssa.gov/gpo-wep.

Important Things to Know about Your Social Security Benefits

- Social Security benefits are not intended to be your only source of retirement income. You may need other savings, investments, pensions, or retirement accounts to make sure you have enough money when you retire.
- You need at least 10 years of work (40 credits) to qualify for retirement benefits. Your benefit amount is based on your highest 35 years of earnings. If you have fewer than 35 years of earnings, years without work count as 0 and may reduce your benefit amount.
- We use cost of living adjustments so your benefits will keep up with inflation.
- The age you claim benefits will affect the benefit amount for your surviving spouse.
- If you get retirement or disability benefits, your spouse and children also may qualify for benefits.
- If you are divorced and were married for 10 years, you may be able to claim benefits on your ex-spouse's record. If your divorced spouse receives benefits on your record, that does not affect your or your current spouse's benefit amounts.
- When you apply for either retirement or spousal benefits, you may be required to apply for the other benefit as well.
- For more information about benefits for you and your family, visit ssa.gov/benefits/retirement/planner/applying7.html.
- When you are ready to apply, visit us at ssa.gov/benefits/retirement/apply.html.
- The *Statement* is updated annually. It is available upon request, either online or by mail.

[SSA.gov](https://ssa.gov) | Follow us on social media ssa.gov/socialmedia

Form SSA-7005-SM-OL (05/21)



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Beware of Social Security Phone Scams



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Telephone scammers are pretending to be government employees. They may threaten you and may demand immediate payment to avoid arrest or other legal action. Do not be fooled!

If you receive a suspicious call:

- 1. HANG UP!**
- 2. DO NOT GIVE THEM MONEY OR PERSONAL INFORMATION!**
- 3. REPORT THE SCAM AT [OIG.SSA.GOV](https://oig.ssa.gov)**



What to look out for



The caller says there is a **problem** with your Social Security number or account.



Scammers **pretend** they're from Social Security or another government agency. Caller ID or documents sent by email may look official but **they are not**.



Any call asking you to pay a fine or debt with retail gift cards, cash, wire transfers, or pre-paid debit cards.



Callers threaten you with arrest or other legal action.

Be Alert

Social Security may call you in some situations but will **never**:

- » Threaten you
- » Suspend your Social Security Number
- » Demand immediate payment from you
- » Require payment by cash, gift card, pre-paid debit card, or wire transfer

Be Active

Protect yourself and your friends and family!

- » If you receive a questionable call, just hang up and report the call at oig.ssa.gov
- » Learn more at oig.ssa.gov/scam
- » Share this information with others





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Q&A Session



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