



Understanding Preventive Care

Remember the old saying that “an ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure?” This can be especially true when it comes to preventive care services.

Maintaining or improving your health with routine preventive care, along with following the advice of your doctor, may help you live a healthier life. Routine checkups and screenings may help you avoid serious health problems, allowing you and your doctor to work as a team to manage your overall health, and help you reach your personal health goals.

What is Preventive Care?

Preventive care focuses on your current health when you are symptom free, and helps your doctor find health issues to help prevent more serious health problems. Your preventive care services may include physical exams, immunizations, lab tests and other types of screening services. During your preventive visit your doctor will determine which tests or health screenings may be things right for you based on many factors such as your age, gender, overall health status, personal health history and your family health history.



Preventive services may include many types of services, subject to age and gender guidelines, including:

Physician office services:

- Routine physical exams
- Well baby and well child care
- Immunizations

(This is only a partial list of potential services.)

Lab, X-ray or health screening tests:

- Screening mammography
- Screening colonoscopy or sigmoidoscopy
- Cervical cancer screening
- Osteoporosis screening



Examples of: Diagnostic Services

1. A patient had a polyp found and removed during a prior preventive screening colonoscopy. Based on the doctor's recommendations for more frequent screening after finding and removing the polyp, future colonoscopies are considered diagnostic.
2. A patient makes quarterly visits to the doctor for blood tests to check her cholesterol level and to confirm the medication level is appropriate. The quarterly blood tests are considered non-preventive because they are treatment for an existing condition.

What health services are NOT considered preventive care?

Medical services for specific health issues or conditions, on-going care, lab tests or other services necessary to manage or treat an already-identified medical issue or health condition are considered diagnostic care, not preventive care.

How does UnitedHealthcare determine the difference between preventive care and diagnostic services?

Certain services can be done for either preventive or diagnostic reasons. When a service is provided specifically for preventive screening, and there are no known symptoms, illnesses, or history, the service will be considered preventive care based on age, gender and other factors performed or ordered by a network physician. Like all health services, coverage for preventive services are subject to the enrollee's benefit plan.

Services are considered **preventive care** when a person:

- ▶ Does not have symptoms or any studies indicating an abnormality.
- ▶ Has had a screening done within the recommended age, gender and time interval guidelines with the results being considered normal.
- ▶ Has had a diagnostic service with normal results, after which the physician recommends future preventive care screenings using the established age, gender and time interval guidelines.
- ▶ Has a preventive service that results in diagnostic care or treatment being done at the same time and as an integral part of the preventive service (e.g. polyp removal during a preventive colonoscopy), subject to benefit plan provisions.

Services are considered **diagnostic care**¹ when:

- ▶ Services are ordered due to current issues or symptoms(s) that require further diagnosis.
- ▶ Abnormal test results on a previous preventive screening or diagnostic test requires further diagnostic testing or services.
- ▶ Abnormal test results found on a previous preventive or diagnostic service requires the same test be repeated sooner than the established age and gender guideline recommendations would require.

¹ A diagnostic service is not covered as preventive care, but may be covered under the applicable non-preventive medical benefit, subject to your Benefit Plan provisions.

Frequently asked questions

How are preventive care services covered?

Certain preventive services are covered without cost-sharing (charging a deductible, copayment or coinsurance) when these services are provided by a network provider and are based on age, gender, or other factors. There may be services you had in the past that will now be covered as preventive services, at no additional cost to you. And, there may be services you received in the past that were paid as preventive care, that may no longer be covered as preventive under the health care reform guidelines. These services may be covered, but would be subject to deductibles, copayments or coinsurance.

Are mammograms covered, and would family history dictate whether they would be considered preventive?

UnitedHealthcare generally covers screening mammograms for adult women without any history or symptoms, as preventive care. If a woman were having mammograms, due to a health issue, those would be considered diagnostic rather than preventive. Your doctor is able to determine whether your mammogram is a screening mammogram or a diagnostic mammogram.

Are preventive care services limited to one visit per calendar year, or can the physician recommend more frequent preventive care services?

UnitedHealthcare will apply limits that are the same as the recommendations and guidelines of the U.S. Preventive Services Task Force (USPSTF) or other organizations. These limits are set based on age, gender, and medical evidence.

Does UnitedHealthcare consider medication a preventive care service?

UnitedHealthcare will provide coverage for the physician evaluation, medication management and counseling services as described in your benefit plan. If your plan provides a pharmacy benefit, you may be eligible for certain over-the-counter drugs and prescribed medications covered as preventive care. This list may include certain women's contraceptives under the preventive care benefit, aspirin to prevent cardiovascular disease in men and women, folic acid supplements for women who may become pregnant, and iron supplements for children at risk for anemia. Generally, over-the-counter medications are excluded from coverage. Prescription medications may be covered through your Prescription Drug List (PDL), administered as a pharmacy benefit as part of your plan coverage, and may be subject to deductibles and copayments. Please consult your Pharmacy Plan documents (if applicable) for specific information on your available coverage for prescribed medication.



Are there lifetime dollar limits on preventive care services?

Preventive care services are generally covered without cost sharing and are not subject to lifetime dollar limits when you obtain them from network providers, under current health guidelines.

Is there a list of specific preventive health services?

The Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (PPACA) requires most plans to cover certain preventive care services, ordered or prescribed by a network provider, without cost sharing based on the following guidelines:

- ▶ Preventive service “A” and “B” recommendations of the U.S. Preventive Services Task Force (USPSTF).
- ▶ Immunizations recommended by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP) and recommendations by the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA).
- ▶ Pediatric services based on guidelines supported by the HRSA, including recommendations by the American Academy of Pediatrics Bright Future Periodicity Schedule, and newborn metabolic screenings.
- ▶ Preventive care and screening for women as provided in the comprehensive guidelines supported by the HRSA.

The list of current preventive care recommendations and guidelines can be found at www.HealthCare.gov.

Preventive or not?

When you visit your doctor, the services you receive will be considered either preventive or non-preventive. See if you can determine in the following situations whether the care received would be considered preventive or non-preventive.

Situation 1

A woman visits her network doctor for her screening mammogram.

Answer: This is considered preventive care because her visit is part of a routine annual exam and has not been prompted by any sort of previous diagnosis.

Situation 2

A woman visits her primary doctor who examines her for evidence of skin cancer as part of her preventive exam.

Answer: This is considered preventive care because her visit, with her network primary care provider, is part of an age appropriate preventive exam and has not been prompted by any sort of previous diagnosis.

Situation 3

A 35 year old man with no history of having an elevated cholesterol receives a screening blood test to measure his cholesterol level.

Answer: This cholesterol screening is considered preventive care because it is part of a routine annual exam and has not been prompted by any sort of previous diagnosis.

Situation 4

A man visits his primary care doctor for his preventive care exam and based on his age, his doctor recommends a screening colonoscopy.

Answer: This is considered preventive care because this service is part of routine annual exam and has not been prompted by any sort of previous diagnosis.

Situation 5

A woman has an annual wellness exam and receives blood tests to screen for anemia, kidney or liver function, and has a urine analysis done.

Answer: If the physician orders lab work during a preventive care visit some of the tests may be covered as preventive care, such as a cholesterol screening. However, other blood chemistry panels like anemia screening in a non-pregnant woman, kidney or liver function and urinalysis, would not be covered as preventive care. These would be considered diagnostic tests. The woman would be responsible for any deductible, coinsurance, or copayment that may be applicable based on her benefit plan provisions.

Talk to your doctor

Consult your doctor for your specific preventive health recommendations, as he or she is your most important source of information about your health. The services identified in this flyer do not necessarily reflect the services, vaccines, screenings or tests that will be covered by your benefit plan. Always refer to your plan documents for specific benefit coverage and limitations or call the toll-free member phone number on the back of your health plan ID card.

For more information on preventive care, visit our online website at www.uhcpreventivecare.com to identify your age and gender-specific preventive care guidelines, based on recommendations of the U.S. Preventive Services Task Force and other health organizations. You can also email, download or print your results and sign up for preventive care email reminders. Use these recommendations to talk with your doctor about the preventive health screenings that may be right for you.



The content provided is for informational purposes only, and does not constitute medical advice. Always consult your doctor before making any decisions about medical care. The services outlined here do not necessarily reflect the services, vaccine, screenings or tests that will be covered under your benefit plan. Always refer to your plan documents for specific benefit coverage and limitations or call the toll-free member phone number on the back of your ID card. Certain procedures may not be fully covered under some benefit plans.

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